ー 室学順 Connectives (連接詞))

Connectives (連接詞)

Connectives are used to join words, phrases or sentences together.

They are very useful in:

- Writing
- Reading
- Speaking
- Listening

Commonly Used Connectives (For P5-6)

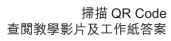
1. Reason (原因)

| | Connectives | Meaning | Example sentences |
|----|-------------|---------|--|
| 1. | because | 因為 | Ken didn't go to school because he got the flu. |
| 2. | since | | Ken didn't go to school since he got the flu. |
| 3. | as | | Ken didn't go to school as he got the flu. |
| 4. | because of | | Ken didn't go to school because of the flu. |

| | Posit | ion | |
|------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| | At the start of the | In the middle | Followed By |
| | sentence | of the sentence | |
| because | | | Sentence |
| since / as | | | Sentence |
| because of | | | Noun / Noun phrase |









2. Result (結果)

| | Connectives | Meaning | Example sentences | Position |
|----|-------------|---------|---|-------------------------|
| 1. | 90 | | Lata to a march, and Land for | In the middle of |
| | so | 所以、 | I ate too much, so I got fat. | the sentence |
| 2. | therefore | 因此 | I ate too much. Therefore , I got fat. | At the start of |
| | meretore | | | the sentence |

3. Contrast (轉折、對比)

| | Connectives | Meaning | Example sentences |
|----|-------------|---------|--|
| 1. | although | 雖然 | Although it was very hot, we didn't turn on the air-con. |
| 2. | but | 但是 | It was very hot but we didn't turn on the air-con. |
| 3. | However | 但是 | It was very hot. However , we didn't turn on the air-con. |

| | Position | | |
|----------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | At the start of the sentence | In the middle of the sentence | |
| although | | | |
| but | | | |
| However | | | |



*Please note that:

In Chinese, a pair of connectives is usually used to connect two sentences.

However, in English, they CANNOT be used in pairs.

Example 1:

- ✓ <u>Since/As</u> it is a holiday today, Mr Chan doesn't need to work.
- ✓ It is a holiday today, **so** Mr Chan doesn't need to work.
- X Since/As it is a holiday today, so Mr Chan doesn't need to work.

Example 2:

- ✓ <u>Although</u> it is a holiday today, Mr Chan still needs to work.
- ✓ It is a holiday today **but** Mr Chan still needs to work.
- **X** Although it is a holiday today, but Mr Chan still needs to work.

4. Others (其他)

| | Connectives | Meaning | To Show | Example sentences |
|----|-------------|---------|------------------|--|
| 1. | so that | 為了 | Purpose 目的 | I study hard so that I can get a good result. |
| 2. | if | 如果 | Conditions 條件 | If you study hard, you will get a good result. |
| 3. | unless | 除非 | Conditions 條件 | Unless you study hard, you will not get a good result. |



$[P6\ A02\ P.7]$ Rewrite the sentences with the connectives in the brackets.

| (1) | Kenny doesn't like apples. Kenny doesn't like oranges. (or) |
|-----|--|
| | |
| (2) | Tom saves all his pocket money. Tom can buy a new phone. (so that) |
| | |
| (3) | Travelling by taxi is expensive but it is convenient. (although) |
| | |
| (4) | Sam woke up late. Sam took a taxi. (since) |
| | |
| (5) | There was a heavy rain. We could not go out. (because of) |
| | |



